

MINISTRY OF TRANSPORT AND COMMUNICATIONS OF THE REPUBLIC OF

Legal acts of IT security

- National Security Concept (adopted on March 10, 2011)
 - **❖Section "Prevention and elimination of threats against IT"**
- IT Security Law (in force as of February 1, 2011)
 - **❖Regulations of the Cabinet of Ministers on IT Critical Infrastructure** (in force as of February 1, 2011)
 - **❖Regulations of the Cabinet of Ministers on Security of Public**Networks and Disconnection of End-users from Public Networks (in force as of May 1, 2011)
- State Information Systems Law (in force as of June 5, 2002)
 - **❖Regulations of the Cabinet of Ministers on General Security Provisions for State Information Systems (in force as of October 10, 2005)**

- Adopted on October 28, 2010
- In force as of February 1, 2011
- Implications on other legal acts:
 - 1 other law amended
 - 2 provisions of the Cabinets of Ministers abolished
 - 2 provisions of the Cabinet of Ministers promulgated
- * 87 991 LVL (178 119 USD) granted for establishment and operation of IT Security Incidents Response Institution (CERT.LV) in 11 months of 2011
- Scope state institutions, local government institutions, owners of critical infrastructure, electronic communications undertakings

Aim – availability of vital IT services

MINISTRY OF TRANSPORT AND COMMUNICATIONS OF THE REPUBLIC OF

LATVIA

- Framework of IT critical infrastructure protection
 - List of specific IT infrastructure (not confined to state owned) designated by the Cabinet of Ministers
 - Responsibility of the owner to protect the infrastructure in cooperation with a state security agency and CERT.LV
- IT Security Incident Response Institution (CERT.LV) has to:
 - monitor electronic space (not content)
 - assist in IT security incidents
 - release public recommendations

Telekomunikacijas un Sakari

- raise awareness, organize exercises, educate, engage in scientific activities
- support law enforcement
- supervise electronic communications undertakings in security matters
- cooperate internationally and etc.

- IT Security Incident Response Institution (CERT.LV) is powered to:
 - ❖ request technical information on any IT security incident, request disconnection of end-users (up to 24 hours)
 - inspect the critical infrastructure
 - adopt binding decisions, request security audits of public networks
- Action in case of IT security incident
 - Mandatory report by state and local government institutions to CERT.LV, CERT.LV supports in its capabilities
 - Optional report by private sector to CERT.LV, CERT.LV supports in its capabilities
 - ❖ If an IT security incident threatens the national security, CERT.LV reports to the Minister of Transport and Communications

MINISTRY OF TRANSPORT AND COMMUNICATIONS OF THE REPUBLIC OF LATVIA

- IT security of state institutions and local government institutions:
 - every executive is responsible over IT security of the institution
 - ❖ responsible person for IT has to be designated and CERT.LV has to be informed – organizes IT security, annually assesses IT risks, annually is being trained by CERT.LV, annually trains every employee of the institution
 - mandatory provisions on IT security of the institutions
- Electronic communications undertakings have to:
 - issue mandatory contingency plan
 - ❖ report CERT.LV on major disruptions and IT security incidents

- National IT Security Council
 - Coordination of tasks and measures set by the IT Security Law
 - Chaired by a representative of the Ministry of Transport and Communications, vice-chair – representative of the National Armed Forces
 - Members representing Ministry of Environmental Protection and Regional Development, Ministry of Defence, Ministry of Foreign Affairs, Ministry of Interior, Bank of Latvia, CERT.LV and state security agencies
 - Meets every three months or upon necessity

Currently on the agenda

- Full implementation of the IT Security Law
- Further development of CERT.LV authority, capabilities, public visibility
- Awareness raising activities
- Proposals for amendment of the Penal Code
- Intensification of cooperation with Lithuania, Estonia, NATO, ENISA and other nations and organizations

